Summary of changes by name

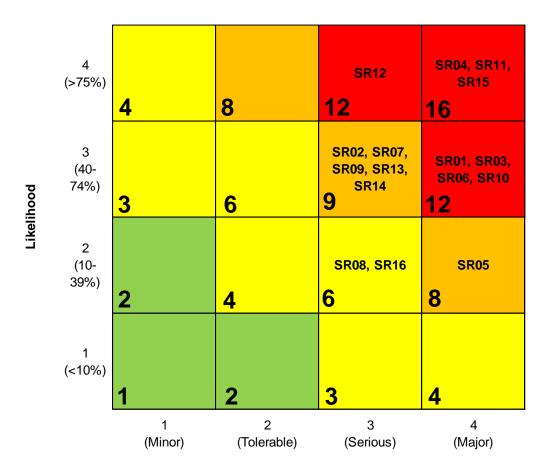
Strategic Risk Register March 2025	Strategic Risk Register September 2025	Comments
Increased Demand for Adult's Services	SR01 Increased Demand for Adult's Services	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description
Fragility and failure in the Social Care Market	SR02 Fragility and failure in the Social Care Market	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description
Complexity and Demand for Children's Services SEND Inspection Delivery of the ILACS improvement plan	SR03 Children's Services Improvement	Combining elements of the three previous risks into one
Dedicated School Grant Deficit	SR04 Dedicated School Grant Deficit	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description
Failure to Protect Vulnerable Children	SR05 Safeguarding Children	Review and refresh of risk carried out, scope slightly broadened to include the child neglect
Leadership Capacity	SR10 Leadership and Management	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description
Ability to Achieve Organisation Change	SR06 Organisation Change	A material change in the scope and ownership of the risk, which has moved from Place to the CE Office
Stakeholder Expectation & Communication	SR07 Stakeholder Expectation & Communication	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description
N/A	SR08 Devolution	New inclusion on the Strategic Risk Register
Failure to Adhere to Agreed Governance Processes	SR09 Decision Making and Governance Failure	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description
Leadership Capacity	SR10 Leadership and Management	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description
Failure to Achieve the MTFS	SR11 Financial Sustainability	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description.
Information Security and Cyber Threat	SR12 Information Security and Cyber Threat	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description
Recruitment & Retention	SR13 Recruitment & Retention	Review and refresh of risk carried out, but with no material change to risk description

Strategic Risk	Strategic Risk Register	Comments
Register March 2025	September 2025	
CEC Carbon Neutral	SR14	This reflects a change in our
Status	Achieving Climate Change	stated goal, rather than a change
	Commitments	to the scope of the risk
Capital Projects - Place	SR15	Review and refresh of risk carried
	Capital Projects	out, but with no material change
	Management and Delivery	to risk description
N/A	SR16	New inclusion on the Strategic
	Failure to deliver Leader	Risk Register
	and Cabinet model of	
	decision making	

Changes in net scores since the last report

Ref	Risk	Q3 24/25 Net	Q2 25/26 Net	Travel	Target Net Score
SR01	Increased Demand for Adult's Services	12	12	\leftrightarrow	9
SR02	Fragility and failure in the Social Care Market	9	9	\leftrightarrow	9
SR03	Children's Services Improvement	12	12	\leftrightarrow	12
SR04	Dedicated School Grant Deficit	16	16	\leftrightarrow	16
SR05	Safeguarding Children	9	8	1	8
SR06	Organisation Change	-	12	N/A	8
SR07	Stakeholder Expectation & Communication	12	9	\	6
SR08	Devolution	-	6	N/A	6
SR09	Failure to Adhere to Agreed Governance Processes	9	9	\leftrightarrow	6
SR10	Leadership and Management	12	12	\leftrightarrow	9
SR11	Financial Sustainability (Previously Failure to Achieve the Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS))	16	16	\leftrightarrow	9
SR12	Information Security and Cyber Threat	12	12	\leftrightarrow	12
SR13	Recruitment & Retention	9	9	\leftrightarrow	9
SR14	Achieving Climate Change Commitments	16	9	1	6
SR15	Capital Projects Management and Delivery	16	16	\leftrightarrow	12
SR16	Failure to deliver Leader and Cabinet model of Decision Making	-	6	N/A	2

Heat map of net scores



12 - 16	Critical Risks - Only acceptable in the short to medium-term, requires immediate action implementing and close monitoring
8 - 9	Material Risks - Areas of concern, but due to capacity and or uncontrollable external factors, these can be accepted. Expectation is that these must be actively managed with on-going monitoring to ensure they don't escalate
3 - 6	Moderate Risks - Acceptable level of risk only requiring on-going monitoring to ensure they don't develop into something more serious
1 - 2	Negligible Risks - Lowest level of risk, only kept in the register for completeness and to ensure there are no unexpected changes in the profile

Spread of risks by directorate area

Directorate	Pre Review Number	Number of Risks	Average Net Score	Highest Net Score
Adult	2	2	11	12
Childrens	5	3	12	16
CE Office	6	5	8	12
Place	4	2	13	16
Resources	3	4	12	16
Total	20	16	11	16

Net scores, highest to lowest

Ref	Risk	Q2 Gross	Q2 Net	Q2 Target
SR04	Dedicated School Grant Deficit	16	16	16
SR15	Capital Projects Management and Delivery	16	16	12
SR11	Financial Sustainability (Previously Failure to Achieve the Medium-Term Financial Strategy) (MTFS)	16	16	9
SR12	Information Security and Cyber Threat	16	12	12
SR03	Children's Services Improvement	16	12	12
SR01	Increased Demand for Adult's Services	16	12	9
SR10	Leadership and Management	16	12	9
SR06	Organisation Change	16	12	8
SR02	Fragility and failure in the Social Care Market	16	9	9
SR13	Recruitment & Retention	16	9	9
SR07	Stakeholder Expectations and Communication	12	9	6
SR09	Failure to Adhere to Agreed Governance Processes	16	9	6
SR14	Achieving Climate Change Commitments	12	9	6
SR05	Safeguarding Children	16	8	8
SR08	Devolution	6 6 6		6
SR16	Failure to deliver Cabinet Model of Decision Making	12	6	2

Full details of all risks - Position to the end of Q2 2025/26

Risk Name: Increased Demand for Adult Services		Risk Owner: Executive Director of Adults, Health, and Integration					
Risk Ref: SR01	Date updated: 9 th September 2025		Risk Manager: Director of Adult Social Care Operations				dult
Risk Description: An increase in cannot be met within the existing	demand for adult social services that budget.						
	an increase in responsibility and						
pressure on other services. This c	, has knock-on effects and increases an cause an on-going downwards ng. In addition, the council may fail in	Likelihood	3			Target	Gross
individuals. Specific failures that he preventative measure and early in	nave been seen are a reduction in ntervention, which ultimately sure on practitioners causes stress	Like	1	1	2	3	4
residents, council staff, third-part and complexity of demand for ad As have political factors such as c resettlement agreements. Due to factors recruitment and retention	several different socio-economic of staff is difficult resulting in e increase in demand and complexity sed with increased established				lmį	pact	
Interdependencies (risks): Failu social care market, Failure of the capacity and demand	re of Council Funding, Fragility in the local economy, Organisational	Lead Service Committee: Adults and Health Committee					

Key Mitigating Controls (Existing):

- Delivery of market engagement events, keeping providers / people informed of preventative change resulting from the People Live Well, for Longer Transformation Programme.
- Contracts and Quality Monitoring Policy Framework, monitoring the user outcomes that partners are
 delivering. This helps to inform the managed decommissioning of services, in an effort to reduce
 service disruption. Maintaining a provider risk register with the Care Quality Commission to ensure
 market oversight. A standard set of fit for the future contracts, designed to ensure quality outcomes
 for users and ensure provider's business models remain sustainable as demand changes.

- Monthly quality monitoring partnership forum that reports to relevant DMTs and the Safeguarding Board. Attendees include the Police, Safeguarding, Care Quality Commission, ASC operations, Legal, CCG's and ASC lead commissioner.
- People Helping People programme, working collaboratively with partners and local volunteers to channel community-based support, reducing demand on adult social care. The sourcing/brokerage team support the co-ordination of these services, helping vulnerable people to access non-council support where appropriate.
- Direct payment scheme, allowing users identify and manage their own care support.
- The preventative policy framework standardises the approach to prevention across adult social care "front door. When appropriate, directing users to approved community solutions, which can provide non-traditional benefits to those individuals and help maintain their independence.
- Annual financial and resource planning by ASC services, considering expected demand, funding, the local social care market and other socio-economic trends.
- Regular service/team meetings to disseminate information and discuss operational issues.
- Involvement in the North West regional and local programme of work pertaining to health and care staff recruitment, retention, and selection resulting in a robust career path being developed with key partners and in being clear pertaining to local strategy.
- Collaborative working with other services, such Public Health, where objectives align and
 communication is required to delivery value for money. Utilisation of Public Health JSNA and wider
 regional data sets inform future planning. The joint commissioning management monthly working
 group seeks to ensure ASC is working effectively and efficiently with other Children and Family
 services.
- Engagement with the Integrated Care Partnership, including health partners.
- Regular ASC reporting to CLT and Adult and Health Committee on performance, expenditure/budget and demand. On-going management of services, based on performance, expenditure/budget and demand management information. Trend analysis used to help predict future demand.
- Engagement with service users, collaboration with Healthwatch and other independent organisations to help drive service improvements and cost savings.
- Business continuity assessments and resiliency preparation, both internally and with key partners.
- Implementing recommendations of independent review. All care plans presented to senior leasers board for authorisation of spend.
- Tighter controls on hospital discharge will impact relationship with ICB colleagues.
- 3 times weekly Quality, Performance and Authorisation Board to review every request for care, since the start of this regime over 2000 cases have been reviewed to ensure that the package of care is effective and efficient.
- Weekly Extended leadership meeting to review budget, spend and activity.
- Inner Circle Transformation Partners working alongside ASC staff to transform services and reduce spend.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:					
Prevent, Reduce, Enable programme pilot (Transformation	September 2025					
Board)						

Comments this quarter: The work undertaken with Inner circle Consulting has embedded this risk within the work programmes, 'Prevent, Reduce, Enable' programme is designed to reduce the demand upon Adult Social Care, it will also work to reduce the spend on care costs and care packages. The programme commenced early June with a pilot area in Macclesfield with a three month review in September.

The reduction of agency staff together with recruitment challenges has resulted in waiting lists for assessment building within the social work teams. Equally the challenges and pressure faced by NHS has seen attempts to transfer more responsibilities upon Adult Social Care.

Providers are being consulted and engaged to implement an agreed fair cost of care following the work undertaken with 'Care Cubed' However the market remains under pressure to increase fees and overall costs.

Despite the significant pressures upon the service and the challenges of managing the increasing demand into the service Cheshire East Council Adult Social Care has been rated as Good in all domains during the recent Inspection by Care Quality Commission.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: The outcomes from the work commissioned with Impower is being actioned via HLBC, we are monitoring all support and care plans and calls for services on a 3x per week basis, Director is monitoring approx150 cases per week. Demand is constant especially for those who are 90+yrs, and for those with dementia. Cost of individual care packages remains very high with an increasing number£2000 per week.

Risk Name: Fragility and Failure in the Social Care Market		Risk Owner: Executive E of Adults, Health and Integration					
Risk Ref: SR02	Date updated: 25 th September 2025	Risk Manager: Director and Children's Commi					
volume and complexity in demand weaknesses in the national social resolved. Detailed consequences; the council social care package without the usure outsourced services the overall social council would not be able to achie for longer. If the Council is unable impact on the sustainability of sor packages of care being handed be care home resident's placements. Use of care providers who have not process which in some cases could quality. While due diligence is unconstitution.	local social care market. Increases in the d and financial pressures have caused care market which have yet to be cil is unable to deliver a robust adult se of third-party providers, without these ocial adult care package would fail and the eve its objective of people living well and to increase fees for providers it will me care providers and result in some ack to the Council or notices served on This could lead to a need to increase the ot been through a formal tendering d result in higher costs and/or poorer lertaken for these providers, some with this process. It will also bring		4 3 2	1	2	Net Target	Gross 4
providers resulting from the 9.8% 2024 and high rates of inflation. T Authority precludes it from uplifting 2024/25.	ing forward is the financial impacts on uplift in National Living Wage from April he current financial position of the Local ng care fees for all care contracts in icial Sustainability, Business Continuity,					imitte	

- Strategic Planning & Financial Oversight:
 - o Annual fee increases considered through MTFS planning.
 - o Market Sustainability and Capacity Plans submitted to DHSC.
 - o Regular reporting to DLT, CLT, and Adult & Health Committee on performance and budget.
 - o Introduction of Guide Price for care home placements
- Contracts & Quality Assurance
 - o Standardised contracts focused on quality outcomes and provider sustainability.
 - o Contracts and Quality Monitoring Framework tracks service user outcomes.
 - o Embedded risk management tool links to CQC oversight for early escalation of provider issues.
 - o Quality Performance Authorisation Board meets weekly to ensure best value for money.
- Market Oversight & Engagement
 - o Due diligence strengthened for non-tendered providers.
 - o Ongoing market engagement events aligned with the Care at Home recommission.
 - o Work underway to update the Market Position Statement
 - Development of an Accommodation Strategy to promote independence and reduce reliance on residential care.

- Workforce Development
 - o Participation in regional programmes for recruitment and retention.
 - o Workforce strategy in development with Skills for Care.
 - o Support for international recruitment where local supply is insufficient.
 - Career pathways being developed with partners.
- Service Innovation & Technology
 - o Investment in new health and care technologies.
 - Use of Care Cubed tool to benchmark actual care costs.
- Operational Delivery & Resilience:
 - o Transfer of Care Hubs established in hospitals to support discharge pathways.
 - o Business continuity and resilience planning with partners.
 - o Performance and demand trend analysis informs service management.
- Community & Preventative Support:
 - Prevent, reduce, enable transformation work to promote independence, investing
 preventative services and support wellbeing, building on strengths to enabling residents to
 live longer, independent and healthier lives.
 - o Engagement with voluntary, community, and faith sectors to enhance support.
 - o British Red Cross supported for crisis response.
 - o "Hidden Carers" initiative launched to identify and support informal carers.
- User Engagement & Co-Production:
 - o Collaboration with Healthwatch and independent bodies to improve services.
 - o Co-production of new care models with Care at Home providers
 - Re-established 'People Panel' to engage with residents on the Care at Home (CAH) and care home (AWC) recommissions to ensure their voice and lived experiences are captured.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Care at Home provider modelling with a view to reduce the number of	September 2026
framework providers (SRO and Work Programme in place with CAH & ECH oversight group)	
Working with care homes to bring all in borough homes onto the framework (SRO and Work Programme in place)	April 2026

Comments this quarter: Care Homes (AWC) Currently, no care homes in the borough are rated as Inadequate by the Care Quality Commission (CQC). Priesty Fields and Riseley House have moved to a "Requires Improvement" rating. The Quality Assurance Team continues to monitor Priesty Fields closely, providing enhanced oversight to ensure progress against the agreed action plan. The associated risk rating for this area remains low.

International recruitment (IR) out of 97 care homes in Cheshire East, 48 hold a sponsorship licence, and 38 of these are on the framework. On average, 31% of the workforce in these homes consists of international staff, with no home exceeding 76%. Notably, some licensed homes currently do not employ any international staff, and 49 homes do not hold a licence at all. Business Continuity Plans have been requested from all IR providers to ensure preparedness. The risk rating for IR within care homes is also considered low.

Care at Home (CAH) 3 providers are currently under restricted admissions, which presents a moderate risk. There are 23 individuals awaiting care at home, equating to 366.75 hours of care. Operational teams continue to RAG-rate individuals and circulate the waiting list weekly to maintain oversight. Despite the waiting list, the risk rating for this aspect remains low. International recruitment in CAH, 22 out of 34 framework providers hold IR sponsorship licences. 7 providers have over 70% of their workforce made up of international staff.

These 7 providers deliver 7,614.5 hours of care weekly to 472 individuals, representing 34% of total commissioned care. High-risk areas include Crewe, Congleton, Macclesfield, Nantwich, Alsager, and Sandbach, where 4,773 hours are delivered to 281 people. Due to the concentration of IR dependency in these areas, the risk rating is high. All providers with IR have been asked to submit Business Continuity Plans covering staffing, recruitment, and retention. Providers have been RAG-rated based on their IR dependency and the volume of care they deliver. Engagement is ongoing with non-framework and complex care providers to complete a comprehensive market overview.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: N/A (Net score is equal to target). To a certain extent the risk is outside the Council's control as there is a reduced pool of people who wish to work in Social Care.

Risk Name: Complexity	and Demand for Children's Services				: Execuervices		irector of
Risk Ref: SR03	Date updated: 29 th January 2025		Risk Manager: Children's Service Directorate Leadership Team				
grading of 'inadequate' for improvement plan is in provement plan is in provement plan is in provention but a superference has hampered. Demand for children's so in children's placements driven a significant budg. The service received group pressures but the challed required savings remains	ervices remains high in all areas but particularly and supported accommodation which has	Likelihood	4 3 2	1	2 Im	3 pact	Gross Net Target
demand, complexity and cost will continue to increase. Interdependencies (risks): Financial Sustainability, Organisation Change Lead Service (and Families C				e: Children			

- Growth to address budget pressures within placement and staffing in MTFS up to £10m 26/27. MTFS proposes a substantial multi-year investment of £20m into Children's Services improvement. This will be held in Corporate Contingency.
- Investment into Children's Services from the Council's transformation reserves in 2025/26 to provide additional wraparound resources into Children's Services under the direct supervision of the Executive Director of Children's Services and their leadership team. These resources have been drawn from Finance, HR, Legal and Programme Management.
- Right Child Right Home transformation plan has 4 workstreams covering sufficiency, edge of care, recurrent care and 16-25 accommodation these are all designed to reduce demand and increase local placement options for children which deliver good value for money
- We are implementing the Families First reforms which will drive demand down for specialist services and offer a community based, preventative service at the earliest opportunity
- Establishing a children's commissioning unit within Children's Directorate designed to better manage the placements market and broker care placements more effectively. A sharp focus on strategic commissioning and quality assurance across the Directorate will drive better contract management and value for money.
- We are closely monitoring the demand to services and the reasons that are driving demand so that we can be responsive and mitigate any risks to service delivery.
- Workforce strategy covering recruitment, retention, career pathways and learning and development

Target Date for Completion:
April 2026

Review and strengthen how we support children at child in need to	April 2026
prevent their needs from escalating through implementation of	
Families First reforms (Children's social care senior leadership team)	
Review entries to care to understand how we can strengthen our	December 2025
approach (Children's social care senior leadership team)	
Improvement governance arrangements supporting progress and	March 2027
impact including impact and improvement board and Ofsted	
monitoring visits	
Develop and launch a new early help strategy across the partnership	June 2025
(Children's Safeguarding Partnership)	
Implement edge of care service	August 2026
New workforce strategy for children's services published and actioned –	March 2026
including recruitment of permanent SW and managers	
Comments this quarter: Post the CLT review this risk combines a numb	er of individual risks that were on the

Comments this quarter: Post the CLT review this risk combines a number of individual risks that were on the register in Q3 2024/25. They all had the same net score as this one now, being 12 or a critical risk. They were, Delivery of the ILACS improvement plan, Complexity and Demand for Children's Services and SEND Inspection.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: April 2026

			Risk Owner: Executive Director of Children's Services						
Risk Ref: SR04	Date updated: 25 th September 2025	Ser	Risk Manager: Children's Services Directorate Leadership Team						
Risk Description: That the decontinues to rise and/or is not	ficit held in the dedicated schools grant (DSG) recoverable.						Gro		
The overall DSG deficit figure £112.1 million.	reported within the accounts at 31 March 2025 is	p	3				Ne Tarç		
early years DSG of £1.6 million	deficit of £113.7 million plus an underspend of a. Without significant changes to funding and the G reserve deficit is not recoverable.	Likelihood	2						
indications are that demand, o	o deliver savings to live within the budget as all complexity and cost will continue to increase. Funding the borrowing costs to cover the deficit is for financial year 2025/26.		1	1	2 Imp	3 pact	4		
Interdependencies (risks): Fi Improvement, Safeguarding C	nancial Sustainability, Children's Services hildren	Chi	ldre		e Comr Famili		•		

- Additional growth has been agreed in the MTFS budget for 2024/25, including £0.5m to support transformation for SEND, and £0.9m for school transport, reflecting increased demand and increasing costs of fuel and contracts.
- The DSG management plan is in place to monitor the impact of demand to SEND services on financial pressures and monitor the delivery and impact of mitigations that have been put in place. A revised DSG management plan for 2024/25 to 2030/31 was approved by the Children and Families Committee on 29 April 2024. The committee also received an update on the Safety Valve submission. The Children and Families Committee is receiving monthly updates on the DSG management plan. The DSG management plan forecast is updated each year to reflect the outturn position at the end of each financial year.
- The council has updated the SEN sufficiency statement for 2023/24 to 2025/26, and the SEND strategy, which were received and agreed by the Children and Families Committee in September 2023. The SEN sufficiency statement sets out the additional provision needed over the next three years. The SEND strategy has been refreshed to include priority actions relating to the mitigations with the revisited DSG management plan 2024-2031.
- There is significant capital investment in local SEND provision to meets children's needs more locally but also reduce dependency on high-cost independent school placements. As part of the Safety Valve programme we were invited to submit a Capital bid. The bid was successful and we have been awarded £16m to create more specialist provision.
- The capital grant will allow us to create the following
 - o 3 x special school satellite sites providing in total 140 additional places
 - o 1 x 14 place new SEN unit
 - o Generic funding to support the refurbishment/adaption of space within mainstream settings which could support the current demand by way of resource provisions and/or SEN units.

- We are embedding a graduated approach and inclusion across all schools and settings and strengthening SEN support.
- We participated in the DfE's delivering better value (DBV) programme to support the council to achieve a
 more sustainable financial position in relation to SEND. This identified two priority areas of cultural
 change that will make the biggest difference on managing demand inclusive practice and transition.
 Cheshire East has been awarded £1 million to support the delivery of this transformational change.
 These areas have been incorporated within our SEND Strategy.
- A fundamental review and realignment exercise for children's services will be carried out to future-proof services to deliver differently for less as part of our integrated children's services 4-year strategy.
- We have a range of support available to families through early help and prevention services, including council, partner, voluntary, community, faith sector and commissioned services. These services support families and help prevent needs from escalating and requiring higher level intervention.
- The Cheshire East Special Educational Needs and Disability (SEND) and Alternative Provision (AP) Strategy and Development Plan "One Plan" (approved by Children and Families Committee June 2025) has been coproduced with key stakeholders, and they will continue to be involved in helping us deliver our priorities and in evaluating what difference we are making.
- The One Plan clearly pulls together and outlines in a single document all of the improvement work to be carried out by the SEND Partnership between 2025 2028 (including mitigations for this period from our 7-year DSG management plan).

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Review capacity of SEND Team to reduce caseloads, which will enable attendance at EHCP annual review meetings. (Approval will come via the MTFS)	March 2026
Implement actions and mitigations within the SEND and AP Improvement Strategy 2025 to 2028 – "The One Plan" (Reviewed quarterly)	March 2028

Comments this quarter: Latest forecast position shows plan is on track and no significant variances.

The DfE white paper re the SEND and Inclusion agenda is expected to be published in the Autumn term. The council will consider, understand and plan further actions. The overall DSG deficit figure reported within the accounts at 31 March 2025 is £112.1 million. This is made up of high needs deficit of £113.7 million plus an underspend of early years DSG of £1.6 million.

Reprofiled September 2025 (based on outturn 31.03.25)	2024- 25	2025- 26	202 6-27	2027 -28	2028 -29	2029 -30	2030 -31	2031 -32
	£m							
Unmitigated cumulative deficit	112.1*	160.8	227. 6	318. 0	435. 7	583. 5	766. 4	990. 3
Mitigated cumulative deficit	112.1*	146.0	171. 4	190. 8	203. 7	208. 7	205. 4	197. 6
Impact of mitigations	-	(14.8)	(56. 2)	(127. 2)	(232. 0)	(374. 8)	(561)	(792. 7)

The deficit is held in a negative reserve which is allowable until March 2028. This has been extended from March 2026.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: Fundamental changes to the system are required. The anticipated DfE white paper may address this.

Risk Name: Safeg	Risk Owner: Executive Director of Children's Services								
Risk Ref: SR05	Date updated: 12 th November 2025	Risk Manager: Cheshire East Safeguarding Children's Partnership Board (CESCP)							
children's partners unable to fulfil the vulnerable childre abuse. To do this (collaborative partr conducting inspec provided by Chesh Cheshire East is co	The risk, that as a part of the local safeguarding ship, Cheshire East Council's children's services are sir responsibilities relating to the protection of a trisk of exploitation, child neglect and sexual Cheshire East seeks to be an effective and her in the partnership. Ofsted are responsible for tions into the quality of children's social care hire East and as the local authority responsible ontinually looking to meet those expectations in an dichallenging environment.	4 Fixelihood	1	2 lmj	3 pact	Net Target			
Interdependencion Financial Sustaina	es (risks): Increased Demand for Adult Services, bility	Lead Ser Families (ee: Ch	ildren and			

- The Cheshire East Safeguarding Children's Partnership (CESCP) board has oversight of the Multi Agency Safeguarding Arrangements. The Statutory Partners are; Health, Local Authority and Police. The Statutory Partners form the CESCP. Working Together 2023 outlines the responsibility of the Statutory Partners to involve other agencies.
- A Pan Cheshire Strategic Alliance group is in place which consists of the Chief Executive of the council, Chief Constable and Chief Nurse, which scrutinises partnership progress against the improvement plan. They are named in the MASA as LSP's.
- The partnership commissions an independent scrutineer who regularly reports on the effectiveness of joint working.
- Ofsted regularly inspect the Local Authority and the partnership arrangements.
- The partnership ensures awareness within all agencies by proving regular training focused on exploitation. The training facilitates communication, increased knowledge and understanding and working together.
- CE has a contextual safeguarding strategic board to ensure that practice guidance, training and a local strategy is up-to-date. This all ensures there is a clear partnership approach to supporting children and young people at risk of exploitation. The strategy also needs to be in line with the Pan Cheshire All Age Exploitation Strategy.
- A partnership scorecard and performance data around exploitation, child neglect and sexual abuse to the CESCP board.
- There is a shared understanding of the children and young people who are at risk of exploitation across the partnership.
- There are regular multi agency audit of practice are completed for children at risk of exploitation to evaluate the impact of changes on quality of practice.
- Children and Families Committee have oversight through the annual report and any inspection reports.
- The Contextual Safeguarding Strategic group reports to the Multi Agency Quality Assurance Group which then reports directly to the CESCP board.

CE has a Child Neglect Strategy and training is delivered on this by the partnership.						
Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion					
Independent scrutiny report on contextual safeguarding (CESCP Board)	Q4 2025-26					
Review the Contextual Safeguarding Strategy post the independent scrutiny report (Contextual Safeguarding Strategic Group and CESCP Board)	Q4 2025-26					

Comments this quarter: Net impact was previously rated lower than the gross impact, on review this has been corrected and they are both now rated as 4, the highest impact possible. The overall risk remains material, not critical, CE and the partnership will continue to strive for improvement and to maintain the likelihood as low as possible. The target score has been brought in line with the net score to reflect the on-going difficulty in protecting all children, all of the time.

The Child Neglect Strategy has been approved by CESCP board, a multi-agency child neglect tool has been developed and is being delivered across the partnership. An independent scrutiny report on contextual safeguarding has been commissioned and work has begun. There continues to be development of the scorecard to ensure there is sufficient oversight of performance data, specifically in relation to the partnership's priorities. Once it is fully implemented, the impact of the Families First programme should help support with this risk going forwards but it is not expected to change the net or target ratings.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: N/A

Risk Name: Organisation Change	Risk Owner: Interim Assistant Chief Executive						
Date updated: 3 rd October 2025	Risk Manager: Interim Head of Transformation and Improvement						
Risk Description: There is a risk that the council fails to deliver the ignificant organisational change and improvement required to iddress the feedback from external assessments and expectations et out in the non-statutory Best Value notice. There is a risk that the ouncil does not allocate sufficient resource and have the capability of deliver a sustainable budget, transformation and improvement activities alongside maintaining business as usual service delivery. Without delivering transformation and improvement activities the executive Director Resources/S151 Officer will be more likely to need to issue a section 114 notice and the council may fail to achieve tatutory compliance across its services and meet its Best Value outy. Organisational change capacity is needed to support the council in delivering transformation to achieve change that will support inchievement of savings and the MTFS as well as service improvements. If a section 114 notice was issued, organisational change capacity would also be essential to deliver necessary actions wrising from possible statutory intervention by Government. Priorities for improvement include financial sustainability but also governance and decision-making, leadership and culture change, and within Children's Services specifically.							
Potential impacts: The council needs to improve its financial ustainability and reliance on Exceptional Financial Support in the nedium-term to avoid the S151 Officer issuing a section 114. It hould be noted that, if a section 114 notice is issued, and Government intervene by appointing commissioners, the council pears their costs.	1 2 3 4 Impact						
Orivers of likelihood: There are multiple factors in the likelihood of this risk being realised. Competing priorities for resource, between the delivery of BAU services and transformation and improvement. The financial position of the council makes it more challenging to und and resource transformation and improvement activities. A tack of clear decision making on priorities and good governance and oversight of delivery of transformation and improvement delivery. Failure to recruit and retain staff with transformation and improvement skills. A lack of engagement of staff more generally in designing and delivering transformation and improvement activities.							
nterdependencies (risks): Recruitment and Retention, Financial sustainability, Leadership and Management	Lead Service Committee: Corporate Policy Committee						

A Cheshire East Plan has been developed which provides a clear vision and commitments for Cheshire East Council. A single overarching improvement and transformation delivery plan has been developed to bring together the transformation plan, the Children's Improvement Plan, the Corporate Peer Challenge Action Plan as well as the response to the Best Value Notice and the CIPFA assurance review alongside key deliverables for the Cheshire East Plan. This is focused on the action the council must take in the immediate short-term to June 2027.

- Transformation and Improvement (T&I) Board has oversight of delivery transformation and improvement plans and associated savings aligned to the MTFS
- Progress is reported at least monthly to the Transformation and Improvement Board with regular reports to the Assurance Panel, Corporate Policy Committee, and MHCLG.
- Transformation Partners and interim staff are being utilised to supplement internal capacity
- Benefits tracking is being built into programmes for monthly review by T&I Board
- Staff engagement events are being held regularly as well as Member briefings.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Review of all business cases for the transformation. programmes and projects (The business cases will be received at the Transformation and Improvement Board on 8th October 2025)	October 2025
Communicate any changes to the transformation programmes and projects (Proposed communications regarding any changes to the transformation programmes and projects will be reviewed by Transformation and Improvement Board on 22nd October 2025)	October 2025

Comments this quarter: Bringing together all our plans into a single overarching plan provides oversight of all significant improvement and transformation activity. It will help us prioritise and resource effectively as well as measure and report on progress and provide assurance to meet different external requirements. Further work is underway to finalise a resource plan and prioritise the deliverables within the Plan. This will be completed in Q3.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: May 2026 will be 12 months since the Best Value Notice was issued and we will need to demonstrate progress with improvement priorities and a positive direction of travel. June 2027 – successful progress in delivering the Transformation and Improvement Plan

Risk Name: Stakeho	Risk Name: Stakeholder Expectations and Communication		Risk Owner: Assistant Chief Executive						
Risk Ref: SR07	Date updated: 4 th November 2025		Risk Manager: Head of Engagement & Communications						
expectations of its st engagement with the understanding of the and influence. The co of service to its resid	ne risk that the council does not understand the akeholders and that its communication and ose stakeholders does not result in their e council's actions, nor appropriate involvement ouncil has an obligation to provide as high a level ents as its funding will allow. This requires not h the short and long-term but also the its stakeholders.								
and/or failure to effer damage to the cound result in poor perfor inspection, challenge staff turnover and m work in. Consultation engagement and a la may also impact on t	lack of understanding and poor communication ectively engage with stakeholders will cause cil's reputation, if this is severe enough it may mance, increased complaints, regulatory from central government, low morale, increased ake the borough a less desirable place to live and a fatigue will result in a poor experience, reduced ack of clarity over the changes being proposed. It the organisation's attractiveness as a supplier, er, which could, indirectly or directly, result in I financial impacts.	Likelihood	4 3 2	1	2	Gross Net Target 3 mpact	4		
the views that its stadecisions that are undecisions not being ebeing disregarded by considered on the bacouncil its policies are coverage, customer quality of its engager	a certain degree the council cannot fully control keholders form. At times it will have to make apopular, this can be due to the context of these effectively communicated, understood or just a stakeholders. Management of this risk should be easis of the objective regard for and interest in the end its services (measured via surveys, media relations activity, etc.) and an assessment of the ment (both listening and telling).								
Interdependencies:	nterdependencies: Increased Demand for Adult's Services,			vice Co	mmi	ttee: Co	rporate		

Communication & Media

• Ensure that information about the Council, its services and how to access them is easily available in a range of formats for a wide range of audiences

Complexity and Demand for Children's Services, Financial Sustainability Policy Committee

- Communications strategies for key projects, issues, decisions and service changes developed agreed and reviewed with senior stakeholders and decision makers (internal and external communication)
- Positive proactive communication across multiple channels to celebrate the council's successes and achievements.
- Comms programme is planned and reviewed over the short-term (daily) and the long-term (monthly / annually), including review of committee forward plans, council service plans, consultation and engagement programmes.

- Communications handling requirement for each service committee/full council meeting agreed with lead officer(s)
- Continue to develop proactive direct comms to be issued via e-mail / SMS we currently have 60,678 subscribers for 'push' notifications across a range of topics
- Regular internal communications to members and officers
- Monitoring and reporting of organisational reputation and sentiment, (social and traditional media).
 This includes weekly analysis report for senior managers.
- Monitor public sector press (e.g. MJ and LGC) and maintain and develop relationships with these media outlets to maximise opportunities for positive coverage.
- Communications and media function advised at an early stage of all future demand and emerging issues to enable effective planning
- Media training programme for key spokespersons
- Use performance management reports for council services and programmes to identify reputational opportunities and risks at an early stage.
- Providing a 24/7 emergency communications on call function
- Media relations protocol and approvals process including protocol(s) for partnership communications where required.
- Review communications business continuity, priorities and emergency / crisis comms protocols and plans
- Regular meetings with comms leads from public sector partner organisations to collaborate, share plans and intelligence
- Flexible use of social media and digital communication platforms

Consultation

- Endeavor to undertaken consultation when proposals are still at a formative stage.
- Design consultation which clearly sets out the reasons for any proposal or change to enable stakeholders to undertake informed consideration and response to the options.
- Consultation and engagement activity will be used as evidence when making decisions through
 informative consultation summary reports and adequate time will be given between the end of a
 consultation and a decision is made, to allow for consideration of and where required, a response to,
 the output of a consultation or engagement.
- Equality Impact Assessments (EIA) are completed, appropriate for the purpose of use and that they are approved by Head of Service before any consultation can begin.
- Make it clear how consultation and engagement activity, EIA and other intelligence has been conscientiously taken into account when finalising the decision.
- Use the equality impact assessment toolkit, guidance, and template to provide clarity around what the equality impact assessment is and how it should be used.
- Equality champions to be supported by annual impact assessment training
- Resident surveys findings to be used to assess levels of resident satisfaction with the Council

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion
Review communications and engagement strategy in the context of	Q3 2025/25 26 (aligned to new Cheshire
Corporate Peer Challenge Action plan, new Cheshire East plan, and	East delivery and improvement plan)
wider transformation and improvement work (Progress reports to CPC	
every six months – once a revised communications and engagement	
strategy has been approved and adopted)	

Introduce community assemblies to contribute to the budget setting	Q3 2025/25 26
engagement and consultation activity (Feedback from the community	
assemblies will be reported to CPC and Full Council as part of the	
evidence base and resident insight to inform budget setting decision-	
making)	

Comments this quarter:

As part of the CLT strategic review, it was recognised that this risk is not critical, meaning it is not considered as being on a similar level to Failure to Achieve the MTFS, the DSG Deficit and other risks. As such the likelihood has been reduced from a 4 to 3, which is supported by the existing, strong controls, bringing the risk into the material classification with a target of bringing it down to the moderate level. As noted, future actions will be identified to support the Cheshire East Delivery and Improvement Plan although no specific changes can be listed at this time.

Key developments impacting on stakeholder perception of the organisation include:

- Devolution
- Council finances, provisional finance settlement and Exceptional Financial Support
- Non-statutory Best Value notice
- Implementation of parking review
- Highways maintenance and transport funding
- CQC inspection of adult social care rated 'good'
- Crewe town centre regeneration
- Office refurbishment
- SEND Strategy
- UKREiiF
- Children's services improvement
- Domestic abuse strategy

Key consultations included:

- EDI strategy
- Domestic Abuse strategy
- Pharmaceutical needs assessment

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: Q3 2025/26

Risk Name: Devolution					Risk Owners: Executive Director of Place Director of Law and Governance (Monitoring Officer)						
Risk R	ef: SR08	Date updated: 2 nd October 2025	Risk Manager: Director of Growth and Enterprise					owth			
approv author in May	ve and support the creatior rity with Mayoral elections f	ade a decision on the 17 September to n of a Cheshire & Warrington Combined for a Mayoral Combined Authority (MCA) riety of risks for the Council, which are									
1.	leadership to be able to p governance of the new M internal priorities and ser Negative impact upon the	Council's budget caused by uncertainty	Likelihood	3			Gross Net Target				
3.	MCA.	nents, and financial resourcing for the		1			ranger				
	responsibilities of the Cou	incil and the MCA, which may result in a and cause reputational risk for the			1	2 Im	3 pact	4			
4.	the Council's political lead decision making and unde	gnment between the elected Mayor and ership results impacts negatively on ermines the opportunities and benefits reater regional collaboration.									
	nterdependencies (risks): Stakeholder Expectation & Communication,				rvice (ommitt		ttee: Co	orporate			

- 1. Appropriate time management and prioritisation of Council staff time in the process to ensure that Council roles and responsibilities are sustained and not compromised.
- 2. Financial protections put place in the legal set up of the Combined Authority, to reduce any latent impact on local authorities relating to the financial performance of the Combined Authority.
- 3. An engagement plan will be produced, as well as a clear Communications plan to ensure both staff, members, and residents are clear on the roles and responsibilities of each authority
- 4. There is no internal control that CEC officer cohort can put in place for political incompatibility or friction; it can only respond in the most effective way possible to political decisions as they occur

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
N/A	N/A

Comments this quarter:

This is a new risk added to the strategic register after CLT's review. Although an overarching inclusion on the Strategic Risk Register, the various elements have been articulated separately, with the potential impacts upon CEC have been identified and existing controls noted.

Gross, net and target scores have been considered for the overarching strategic impact, and rated by Director of Growth and Enterprise and the Executive Director of Place as moderate (Impact 3×1) x Likelihood 2 = 6 out of 16).

The consent of Council to the making of the Cheshire and Warrington Combined Authority Order, approval of the Terms of Reference for the Cheshire and Warrington Combined Authority Shadow Board, and the

agreement to hold inaugural mayoral elections in May 2027 provide a clear direction of travel and timescales for delivery.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: N/A

Risk Name: Failure to Adhere to Agreed Go	overnance Processes	Risk O Goverr			ector o	f Law a	ind
	Date updated: October 2025	Risk Manager: Director of Law and Governance				v and	
Risk Description: The council is a complex with a broad range of objectives, some of we condeliver, its goals for the borough are ider Plan. Formal reporting and decision-making degree, prescribed by local authority regular process at all levels, must comply with regulates delivering those stated goals.	which it is legally obligated which it is legally obligated ntified within its Corporate within the council is, to a nation. The decision-making latory requirements while						
Detailed consequences: Robust governance policy objectives to be identified and delive should facilitate the lawful delivery of those prevent the misapplication of resources, e.gobjectives to detriment of those stated goal in a reduction of living standards, physical havellbeing of residents. Failure to provide a coresidents at an appropriate cost, or to for protocols, can result in increased regulatory damage. Possible outcomes of which may be benalties or direct central government interpretations.	red. Governance processes e stated goals. It should also g. the support of other ls. Ultimately this can result nealth and mental reasonable level of service llow legal decision-making y scrutiny and reputational pe, public censure, financial		4 3 2			Net Target	Gross
Detailed causes: The volume and complexity and objectives, coupled with finite resource views, make 'good' decision-making a challed making being characterised as the consisted Plan objectives year after year. Examples of a Variations in interpretation and nor	es and differing stakeholder enge. 'Good' decision- nt delivery of the Corporate f governance failures are:		1	1	2 Im	3 pact	4
 process and internal controls. Deviation from core objectives as representing issues. Failure to allocate limited resources requirements of agreed objectives. Inadequate internal controls across 	esult of prioritising						
vertically with a directorate. Interdependencies (risks): Financial Susta Expectation & Communication, Leadership Change, Failure to deliver Leader and Cabir Making	Capacity, Organisation	Lead S Policy				e e: Cor	rporate

The Council's Constitution covers decision making processes, including finance and contract procedure rules. The Constitution is reviewed and amended on an on-going basis to ensure legal compliance and operational

continuity. Following the adoption of the Committee system, mechanisms were put in place to capture Member's feedback and are reported to the (Constitution Working Group). The number, nature and terms of references of the Committees are assessed on an on-going basis, with refinements being implemented via full council decision.

The Constitution is a publicly available document; guidance on the use of the decision-making processes is provided by enabling services including Legal, Finance, Democratic Services, and Audit and Risk. Constitutional updates are overseen (recommended and administrated) by the Governance, Compliance and Monitoring Officer in response to regulatory changes and Full Council decisions. Administration of local, regional and national elections and monitoring of behaviour in the period of heightened sensitivity beforehand. During which time, appropriate adjustments are made to the publishing or reporting of controversial issues or anything that seeks to influence voters. Reports to Committees are developed and reviewed by senior officers and enabler sign off, briefings are arranged with Committee Members to address any further knowledge requirements ahead of the relevant meeting. All decisions are formally recorded in meeting minutes and administrated in line with delegated authorities as per the constitution.

Assurance mechanisms on the organisations' compliance with its decision-making processes are provided through the external audit (Statement of Accounts) and the work of the Internal Audit team. Internal Audit's assurance is achieved through the development and delivery of an annual plan and follow-up monitoring of agreed actions. There are other external inspections, such as Ofsted, which may examine elements of our decision-making processes through their work, although this is not usually the primary focus.

The organisation publishes an Annual Governance Statement identifying significant governance issues which have occurred, any known areas which may cause issues if not managed effectively and updates on issues previously identified.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion
	Implementation of arrangements for the Shadow Board to be operational in early 2026, with Mayoral Elections taking place in May 2027 across Cheshire and
arrangements	Warrington.
Implementation of actions arising from the Internal Audit assurance review on Officer Decision Records	New process to be implemented by January 2026.

Comments this quarter: An action plan is in place following the completion of Internal Audit assurance work on Officer Delegation Records (ODRs) which reflects the need for a review of process, training and integration with schemes of officer delegation. This will be completed to be cognisant of the further changes which will be necessary as the Council moves to the Leader and Cabinet model of decision making from May 2026.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: Q1 2026/27

Risk Name: Leadership and Manageme	nt		Risk Owner: Executive Director Resources, Section 151 Officer						
Risk Ref: SR10	Date updated: 15 th September 2025			anager stomer		tor of F ence	eople		
Risk Description: The Senior Leadershi complete and there is increased stability compared to end of 2024/early 2025. However there are still a number of vacarrangements in place across CEC's leaded capacity and prevents the team from op Without the right capacity across the leaded unable to flex and be respond to its chase is ever more critical in light of current fire Council's requirement to deliver a large-improvement. It could also be the case thigher cost than could otherwise be achefor money throughout the organisation, reduced.	ancies and temporary acting up lership team. These limit its rerating as effectively as possible. Idership team, the organisation is llenges. failure to achieve priorities, which mancial challenges as well as the scale transformation and that priorities are delivered at ieved. Without maintaining value	likelihod	4 2 1		2 lm	Target 3	Gross Net		
Drivers of likelihood: Reputational risk from recruitment and retention. Failure to senior management positions. Failure to implement a revised structure, Failure in development for the leadership team. Functivate the wider workforce.	recruit and retain individuals for complete DMA exercise and mplement management								
Interdependencies (risks): All other str	ategic and operational risks.			e rvice ate Poli		ittee: nmittee	<u>!</u>		

- People strategy
- My Conversation processes (PDR/objectives)
- Cheshire Leaders Programme
- Cheshire Managers Programme (to be developed)
- Council Constitution and decision-making structure, including HR Schemes of Delegation
- Corporate Plan and Annual Service Business Plans.
- Leadership team recruitment processes, including skills and experience requirements.
- CLT coaching provision

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Leadership development programme for CLT and WLC	April 2026
Permanent arrangements for key posts (recruitment exercise to a number of key posts such as Monitoring Officer and Assistant Chief Executive)	February 2026

Comments this quarter: Positive progress made in terms of recruitment and retention to senior leadership cohort, offering increased stability and mitigating likelihood of risk impact.

All Executive Directors of CLT are permanent. The Assistant Chief Executive and Director of Law and Governance Posts are filled by Interim colleagues. . The permanent Director of Quality, Partnerships and Commissioning (Children and Families) took up post in late September 2025 with recruitment to the permanent Director of Public Health, Monitoring Officer and Assistant Chief Executive commencing in late 2025.

Cheshire Leaders programme commenced in October 2025 – all members of WLC will attend. The programme has ILM accreditation via Solace who are supporting with delivery. The Cheshire Manager programme is being developed from October 2025. This will support retention, cohesion and collaboration across the leadership and management cohorts.

Updated HR schemes of delegation developed for WLC to ensure that people responsibilities are understood across the core range of people processes across CEC.

Refreshed performance objectives in line with our new Corporate Values (co-developed with staff) being implemented during rest of 2025/26. The PDR approach will be updated/revamped to improve compliance levels and quality of performance management conversations. All managers will be given a set of common, corporate objectives at My Planning stage in April 2026.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: March 2026

Risk Name: Financial S the Medium-Term Fina	Sustainability (formerly known as Failure to Achieve ancial Strategy (MTFS))	Risk Owner: Executive Director of Resources (S151 Officer)
Risk Ref: SR11	Date updated: 29 th September 2025	Risk Manager: Director of Finance (Deputy S151 Officer)
has the discipline to de agreed by Council. Ove that the Council has a medium-term service of the short-term, this and in the medium-ter improving and sustain	delivery of the MTFS demonstrates that the Council eliver its services within the financial envelope as er a period of time, the MTFS will also demonstrate financially sustainable plan that supports the delivery aspirations of the organisation. means the successful delivery of the in-year budget em, this means the delivery of a multi-year, financially able position.	
 A negative reprise A reduction in a Section 114 Nexpenditure; A possible reprise a A possible reprise a An inability to prevene development a development a An ack of effect function; A lack of effect function; A lack of imple due to a lack of a lack of trainer a lack of trainer a lack of trainer a Unforeseen chorganisations; Unforeseen chenvironments 	reduction in the level of reserves; utational impact; the scope of provision of services due to the issue of Notice that could reduce both revenue and capital eyment of specific grant funding if poor financial es evidenced; provide investment and financial support to service and service improvements. Fillure to deliver the MTFS are: Initiation of recurrent cost savings and efficiencies of operational management capacity and capability; Immeterm transformation due to resistance to change one instrument in the local system affecting partner anges within the national and international impacting upon financial plans i.e. international ing negatively upon inflation rates.	4 Gross Net Target 1 1 2 3 4 Impact
delivery of the Council This requires a positive programme and the as alongside the impleme reviews of the organisanational financial over Grant (DSG) means the	of the MTFS partially relies on the operational is Improvement and Transformation Delivery Plan. It is outcome for the delivery of the transformation associated organisational change programme, entation of the recommendations within the external ation e.g. CIPFA and LGA Peer review. The current ride for the treatment of the Dedicated Schools is Council recognises financial deficits associated with not have to provide for them from General Fund	

resources until 2028/29. The in-year and cumulative impact of this deficit would have a material impact upon the Council's financial position.	
Interdependencies (risks): all	Lead Service Committee:
	Corporate Policy Committee

- An approved budget and MTFS has been set by Council in advance of the current financial year an describes how the Council will deliver its operational plans.
- Financial planning arrangements include preparation by the Finance Team, in liaison with senior operational managers. These plans are based on the best available information and include prudent assumptions based on professional judgement and external advice, where appropriate.
- Risk-based approach to the use of reserves, identifying appropriate reserve levels and ensuring that reserves are not depleted without first identifying a strategy to restore them to risk-assessed levels during the MTFS period.
- Budget monitoring, comparing actual performance against approved budget, is undertaken throughout the financial year and presented to service committees in the form of forward-looking forecast outturn reports.
- Month end closure report confirms latest position against the three times per year financial review position.
- Where a residual deficit is forecast in a financial year, a number of actions will be explored including:
 - o Use of any service or non-specific underspend to offset pressures elsewhere within the budget
 - o Accessing external funding, ensuring compliance with any funding conditions
 - Use of reserves
 - Use of general balances
 - Potential access to Emergency Financial Support
- Treasury Management Strategy to manage the Council's cash flows, including an investment strategy
 focused on the security of principal sums and a borrowing strategy to manage interest payable and
 other charges
- A Capital Strategy that prioritises capital investment programmes, identifies the financial impact of investment in schemes and limits the amount of unsupported borrowing to be drawn.
- Outturn reporting and audit of statements supports in-year monitoring and future year planning
- Use of a standard report format and report clearance process which ensures provision of relevant information on financial performance, risks and mitigations.
- Clear and effective communication of changes or updates to Finance and Contract Procedure Rules with the Constitution
- Sources of specialist advice and guidance
- Reporting of status and action plan on Finance Leadership Improvement Plan
- Engagement with government departments related to financial models and consultation
- Transformation Board monitors all transformation schemes and programmes in terms of savings plans and progress of the overall programme.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Financial system developments including the implementation of the FP&A tool within Unit 4 (FP&A rolled out to all budget holders)	Pilot areas by December 2025
Completion of the Financial Leadership Improvement Plan (All actions completed and implemented)	Full roll out by March 2026

Implementation of Budget Holder Training and tailored Training	December 2025
Programmes for members and officers with regards finance specific items	
(All identified individuals trained in advance of the approved budget)	
Preparation and approval of the 2026/27 annual budget and updated MTFS	February 2026
(Formal budget papers to Council and Committees)	
Directly or via professional or political networks, liaise with Government	February 2026
departments on the severity of the many financial issues (Reporting to CLT,	
and to Members in the MTFS update)	
Comments this quarter: No change to the risk ratings although the risk ha	is been materially refreshed and
actions updated. Two internal audit reports have been completed to draft s	tage with both reports identifying
limited assurances. Management responses are outstanding but will be con	npleted by the end of September.
Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: March 2026	

Risk Name: Information Security and Cyber	Threat	Risk Owner: Executive Director of Resources, Section 151 Officer
Risk Ref: SR12	Date Updated: 20 th August 2025	Risk Manager: ICT Programme Managers
Risk Description: (Cause) There is a risk that move towards using new technology system communication, accessibility, and transaction becomes increasingly vulnerable to a securificial information, either maliciously or inadverter from external attacks by cyber-criminals. (In negative impacts, such as loss of information financial, and reputational damage to the Compenetration and crippling of the Council's IT delivering its Corporate Outcomes.	ns to reduce costs and fulfil on requirements, (threat) it ty breach, and, or loss of ntly from within the Council or mpact) This could result in many n, distress to individuals, legal, buncil, in addition to the possible	A Net Target Gross Pooling 1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1
Interdependencies: This risk has interdepe Business Continuity and Stakeholder Expect also has links to the Financial Resilience risk replacement will be stretched, placing additices resilience of information security controls.	ations and Communication. It , as funds for maintenance and	Lead Service Committee: Corporate Policy Committee

- The Director of Digital is an advocate of and reports on Information Risk to the Corporate Leadership Team and the Audit and Governance Committee and makes the Annual Statement of Internal Control of Information Risk.
- The Council has a number of Information and Data Security policies which are published on the Centranet and help to protect from the Council from inappropriate and unauthorised access and communicates what to do in the case of an incident. Policies; Information Security Policy Overview, ICT Access Policy, ICT Communications and Operations Policy, ICT Computer, Telephone and Desk Use Policy, ICT Email and Messaging Policy, ICT Flexible and Mobile Device Policy, ICT Incident management Policy, ICT Infrastructure Policy, ICT Internet Policy, ICT Legal Responsibilities for Data Policy, ICT Personnel Standards for Information Security, ICT Protection Policy, ICT Removable Media Policy and ICT Software Policy. Policies review and guidance materials updated to strengthen advice to staff on how to manage various information types
- Progress on Information Risk and Information Security is monitored through the Information Security Steering Committee (ISSC), Strategic Information Governance Group (SIGG) and the IG Collaboration Group.
- The Council has an Incident Reporting process which has been communicated to staff, all incidents are scored and assessed by SIGG to ensure that the breaches are minimised, and future breaches are reduced.
- The Council complies with the Public Services Network PSN Code of Connection, NHS Data Security and Protection Toolkit, DWP's MOU and NHS Digital controls, work continues with the consolidation and enhancement of elements of the security estate to meet the ever-developing threat profiles. This includes third party IT hardware and software tests undertaken by accredited security vendors, these validate that the network and hardware are secure and robust, if any vulnerabilities are found then a mitigation plan is drawn up and actioned.
- The Council has an Information Asset Register which is reviewed on an annual basis and has been published on the open data portal.
- There is also an Information Assurance Data Management (IADM) programme of activity to increase awareness and maturity of information assurance and governance across the Council. The programme is tasked with guiding the organisation to manage its information in a compliant and efficient way.
- Data Classification has been rolled out to the organisation; this allows the categorisation of information so that appropriate controls can be employed to protect the information.

- The Council provides security and compliance e-learning modules (which are mandatory for all
 employees) on the Learning Lounge. The Cyber Security module was produced by the NCSC which is the
 UK government's authority on cybersecurity. There are also several best practice guides on the Councils
 Lighthouse on the best ways to use technology and to protect information. These modules and best
 practice guides are updated regularly to reflect changes in working practices and as a response to
 additional threats.
- In addition, proactive testing is carried out across the council to gauge the level of compliance and understanding of cyber best practice, this testing is followed up with additional support and training for those that need it. This process will raise the maturity and level of understanding to ensure that the Council has an adequate level of cyber readiness across its workforce.
- Controls are in place to restrict access to the data centres and network equipment and risk assessments of existing systems and networks are on-going.
- The Council's ICT Services have a strategic direction to move to a "Cloud First" principle, whilst this
 enables an evergreen environment which is always up to date, additional controls are needed to
 prevent compromise or inappropriate use and access. This includes contract compliance and
 monitoring to ensure ongoing protection of information. To support the strategic direction and
 architecture principles all technical solutions are reviewed at the Technical Design Authority to ensure
 correct alignment.
- In addition, the Council is moving to Zero Trust architecture, this is a direct result of increased threats posed to the working infrastructure. This shift is in line with the latest thinking and guidelines issued by the NCSC.
- In support of this a high-level business case for Infrastructure Investment of which Security & Compliance is an element was submitted and subsequently approved. This additional funding will be used to develop the necessary tools to start the implementation.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Identity Management (Information Security Steering Committee (ISSC), Information Assurance and Data Management (IADM))	March 2026 (Multiyear project)
Application Management (Information Security Steering Committee (ISSC))	March 2026 (Multiyear project)
Data Security (Information Security Steering Committee (ISSC))	March 2026 (Multiyear project)
Data Quality (Information Assurance and Data Management (IADM))	March 2026 (Multiyear project)
Information Management (Information Assurance and Data Management (IADM))	March 2026 (Multiyear project)

Comments this quarter: No change to the risk rating currently.

The risk to operational continuity, data integrity, and reputational trust is significant, particularly considering recent NCSC advisories highlighting:

- Targeted campaigns against logistics, technology, and public service sectors
- Use of legitimate tools to evade detection
- Increased targeting of high-profile individuals and third-party suppliers

Identity Management/Data Quality – work continues to move from a tactical solution of account closure and protection to an automated strategic solution. Call handing and identification of employees and help desk staff has been enhanced considering the recent attacks across various sectors.

Data Security – work continues to ensure that the Council's security and operations are appropriately resourced to provide the level of cover needed.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: N/A

		Risk Owner: Executive Director of Resources, Section 151 Officer					
		Risk Manager: Director of People and Customer Experience					
Risk Description: Recruitment and retention of skilled and motivated staff is required to allow the organisation to deliver its Corporate Plan, LGA Corporate Peer Challenge Action Plan, Children's Improvement Plan and its transformation programme. Achievement of the plan and programme requires operational changes which allow the council to adapt and improve.			4				Gross
Impact of the risk occurring: High staff turno shortages, insufficient capacity within servic annual budget and deliver the council's tran improvement programme and a detrimenta physical, emotional, and mental wellbeing o	es. Failure to achieve sformation and Il impact upon the	Likelihood	2			Net Target	
external factors led to increasing and chang services. Increases to the cost of living also p resilience and wellbeing of our workforce ar capacity to respond to demand. Outcome o	s of failure: National and local demographics alongside al factors led to increasing and changing demands on es. Increases to the cost of living also present risks to the nee and wellbeing of our workforce and therefore the ty to respond to demand. Outcome of Ofsted inspections as current financial challenges. WorkplaCE programme and		ı	1	2 Imp	3 pact	4
Interdependencies (risks): Business Contir demand for Adults Services, Complexity and Children's Services		Lead Se Commit		ce Com	mittee	e: Corpo	orate Po

- Workforce planning is in place via the Council's Workforce Strategy 2021-2025. A new People Strategy
 for 2025-2028 is at November Corporate Policy Committee for approval. Arising from this strategy will
 be a new approach to workforce planning through a new Employee Experience through a revised
 lifecycle.
- Service Workforce Plans are also undertaken on an annual basis as part of the wider business planning process to review and support workforce planning on a service-by-service level
- Benchmarking exercises and workforce metrics are used to identify potential issues and service
 workforce plans developed as above to mitigate. Work on the refinement of a workforce assessment for
 the Council has been completed, and a monthly workforce dashboard is available to identify potential
 issues. The workforce assessment is then updated twice a year, to ensure services have regular focused
 workforce data available.
- Focused apprenticeship levy funding, specific succession planning and talent management initiatives are used to support high priority areas. This is supported by the introduction of a manager and director dashboard on Learning Lounge that will help the identification of training and skills gaps.
- Recruitment and retention programme has delivered attendance at a programme of local and regional
 recruitment fairs, an end-to-end review of the recruitment process, improved recruitment advertising,
 an employee offer brochure, a review, and the planned implementation of additional employee
 benefits, a social work academy in Children's Services and the development of additional career
 pathways. The introduction of employee profile videos on social media and on Cheshire East Council's
 website to enhance the Council's profile have also been introduced. Further work will be undertaken to
 streamline the recruitment process to ensure improved efficiency and a better user experience.
- Review of the provision of agency staff, including an audit of spending, to reduce reliance and transition to a more stable permanent workforce base with reduced costs has also been undertaken. The Council has implemented the provisions of the Government proposal on capping the pay rates for agency social

- workers and has also engaged with the proposals for capping agency pay rates for Children's Social Workers as part of the Greater Manchester Pledge.
- Analysis of exit interview and questionnaire data with the relevant Executive Director to support the retention of staff.
- Wellbeing and engagement support, including delivery of EAP services, the introduction of 'In the Know' sessions for all staff, a revitalised recognition scheme, monthly organisation wide wellbeing updates for all staff, and the promotion of the government funded initiative Able Futures.
- Senior manager support in the redesign and restructure of services to meet MTFS targets, including MARS to minimise the impact on the workforce. A workforce planning toolkit is now in place to support services in identifying skills gaps and identify actions to address any identified gaps.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Recruitment to senior management structure	February 2026
Introduction of a range of additional employee benefits, enhancing the existing offer (Monthly review by HRMT/Ongoing briefing to CLT on progress and implementation).	On-going
Use Pulse Survey and Exit Interview data results to gauge employee satisfaction (Reviewed by HRMT and shared with DMTs).	On-going
Completion of a transformation skills audit (Reviewed by HRMT monthly)	On-going

Comments this quarter: No change to the risk this quarter. Senior Management recruitment is almost complete. All Executive Directors are permanent as well as six director posts across the directorates. The Assistant Chief Executive, Director of Law and Governance and Director of Public Health are filled by interim colleagues. The permanent recruitment process for Assistance Chief Executive and Director of Public Health will commence in late 2025.

Continued recruitment process improvement is underway through collaborative working on optimisation programme of Transactional Shared Service and Unit 4.

Confirmed attendance on the LGA Recruitment Reset Programme for September 2025 and the LGA Retention Reset Programme in February 2026 to inform the further development and embedding of recruitment and retention as part of the overall People Strategy. The on-boarding of first cohort of the overseas children's social workers commenced employment in May 2025.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: N/A

Risk Name: Achieving Climate Change Comm		Risk Place		ner: Ex	kecutiv	e Direc	tor of
	ate updated: 5 th September			_			
2	025	Envir	onr	nental	Service	es	
Risk Description: Failure to achieve Carbon I	Neutral status for the Council						
by the 2030 milestone target due to requirem	ent to seek viable and						
affordable solutions and other external mark	et forces outside the						
Councils control. Carbon budgets and grant p	rovisions are contained						
within the MTFS revenue and Capital progran	ns subject to the scrutiny of						
the spend review and capital boards							
Likelihood: The Council will need to continue	to decarbonise its buildings						
heat sources and seek grant match funding if	available following the end		4			Gross	
of the public sector decarbonisation grant sch	neme. Significant carbon						
emissions arise from the Councils vehicle flee	et and hence capital money	рос	3			Net	
set aside in the MTFS for fleet transition to EV	will need to continue to be	Likelihood					
spent this and future years to achieve transiti	on by 2030 as vehicles	Ę	2			Target	
leased or bought now will be in use in 2030. I	he natural offset tree						
planting funded by trees for climate grants w	ill need to be completed this		1				
year and next to offset emissions that cannot	be reduced by 2030.			_			
Impact: Will result in non-delivery of a key co	nmitment of our Cheshire			1	2	3	4
East Plan, unlocking prosperity for all though	the outcome of Carbon				lmį	oact	
neutral council with minimum offset by 2030,	influencing carbon						
reduction and green energy production acros	ss the borough by 2045 . It						
will also contribute to climate change temper	ature rise and severe						
weather events which could have an impact of	on public health and safety. It						
could also have financial implications with inc							
of key infrastructure for severe weather even	ts across the borough.						
Interdependencies (risks): Financial Sustain	ability, Capital Project	Lead	Se	rvice C	ommi	ttee:	
Management and Delivery						nmuniti	es

- Carbon Neutral Program established with Programme Board and E&C committee members Advisory Group reviewing progress and risks monthly
- Annual update on progress reported to relevant committee
- Climate change is a key consideration as part of our statutory planning duties as an authority and within the development of local planning policy
- An Action Plan refresh is required to align with the newly adopted 2030 Carbon Neutral Target

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
An Action Plan refresh is required to align with the newly	April 2026
adopted 2030 Carbon Neutral Target (Stand up of internal	
resource will be actioned and reviewed on a monthly basis	
however a further request for external support may be	
required to achieve)	

Comments this quarter: The council reset its target form 2027 – 2030 with minimum of offset. The risk mitigations as the council pivots from an insetting approach to a zero carbon approach are appropriate and are being actively pursued. Both fleet and building decarbonisation are capital intensive programmes and to succeed will require timely Capital board and spend review approvals.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: 1st April 2027 subject to approvals from spend review and capital board to progress key projects

Risk Name: Capital Project Management and Delivery Risk Owner: Executive Director of Place Risk Ref: SR15 Date updated: 9th September 2025 Risk Manager: Head of Infrastructure Risk Description: Failure to deliver major capital projects. (taking Middlewich Eastern Bypass as an example) Impact: The council delivers a broad range of capital projects in support of the aims and objectives of its Cheshire East Plan and to support the delivery of the Local Plan. The Middlewich Eastern Bypass (MEB) scheme is a strategic growth enabler for the Borough and vital to unlock economic growth in and around Middlewich as published in the current Local Plan Strategy. The delay to the DfT decision on the Middlewich Eastern Bypass FBC and to the Council's Capital Programme Review has brought uncertainty to overall programme delivery and overall outturn costs of the Scheme. Delays cause increased costs and affect affordability. Continued delay, or ultimately cancellation of the MEB would have significant financial and reputational implications for the Council and could also impact its ability to open up allocated employment land. The delivery uncertainty could lead to Gross Net cancellation of a major economic regeneration enabling project that has gained significant support from key stakeholders and the Target ikelihood local community. In addition, the cancellation or non-delivery of the scheme and would mean that the substantial costs (c£25m) expended to date by CEC would need to be charged to revenue budgets in the year following cancellation or a decision not to proceed. These revenue costs are not budgeted into the MTFS and 2 3 would significantly worsen he Council's current financial situation. Impact Likelihood: Medium to High- there have already been significant delays to the DfT decision and the Council's own capital programme review. The delay to date means that the construction of the scheme would not be able to commence in Spring 2025 and, subject to a positive decision from DfT, will now be pushed back to early 2026 due to the seasonality of some of the work. This will incur additional costs to the project and officers are looking at options for how this can be absorbed within existing Highways and Transport budgets, including de-scoping of the project where possible. The delay in a DfT decision will further heighten the risk of significant unbudgeted financial risk to CEC. Whilst this provides a detailed and specific account for the MEB project, many of the risks associated with project delays, capital programme review, treatment of expenditure to date are likely to be reflected, to varying degrees, across all capital schemes. Interdependencies (risks): Financial Sustainability Lead Service Committee: Economy and Growth, Environment and Communities, Highways and Transport

- Appropriate and proportionate governance has been established to oversee the MEB.
- Internal governance is in place to monitor the impacts of delay and increased costs at a project level. These processes have been independently assessed as appropriate for a project of this size.
- At a strategic level, internal decisions were taken to support the resubmission of the Full Business case to the department for Transport in September.
- The overall Capital Strategy and overall Capital Programme is presented annually as part of the Medium-Term Financial Strategy to show the MEB project alongside the rest of the capital programme.
- DfT has now approved the FBC and the contractor has already been commissioned to provide an
 updated cost estimate (due Nov 2025) ahead of critical Council decisions to amend the budget/MTFS in
 December and final H&T committee decisions in January 2026 to enter into construction contract.
- Financing options to address funding gap (due to delays) are being looked at and will be presented to Capital Programme Board in September to agree a preferred route for Full Council decisions.
- A capital programme review has been underway for some time of all schemes included in the MTFS
 underway to consider affordability. The outcome is awaited. Conclusion of this work could provide the
 necessary prudential borrowing headroom to ensure critical major schemes, such as MEB, can progress.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Updating costs estimates and funding advanced works where possible to maintain the programme and current cost estimates so that construction can start asap after funding decision (MEB monthly project board)	November 2025
Plan for a delayed start on MEB by identifying funding from within existing budgets to cover additional inflation cost increases. Paper to be taken to Highways and Transport Committee to present a range of options (MEB monthly project board and escalated to DMT where necessary)	June 2025
Capital Programme Board decision to agree MTFS approach and MEB & A500 to be standing items on Capital Programme Board agenda (c. every 2 months via Capital Programme Board)	September 2025

Comments this quarter: Positive FBC and funding decision for MEB secured in July 2025. Indicative Estimate is c. £10m of cost increase due to inflation and contingency. Contractor commissioned to update cost estimates and more accurate figure will be known in November 2025.

MTFS currently does not include any budget beyond FBC costs. Full Council decision req. (Dec 2025) to accept DfT grant and adjust MTFS.

Financing options to address funding gap will be presented to Capital Programme Board for a decision on preferred approach on 15 September 2025.

DfT has also launched a review of 42 schemes at OBC or pre-OBC stage in the MRN/LLMF programme, this includes the A500 scheme. Proforma to be drafted by 12th September and risk assessment and options for the scheme to be presented to Capital Programme Borad on 15 September 2025.

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: Major capital projects by their nature are high risk. The controls are designed to proactively manage risks and mitigate their impact if a risk is realised. It is not realistic to expect the risk to be managed any lower.

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	4			Gross	
Likelihood	3				
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					ead Service Committee: Co

• Design principles set out in the report to 17 September 2025 Council were approved, setting clear and stated objectives for the Leader and Cabinet model of governance.

Policy Committee

- Key documentation and procedural tasks to be prepared have been shared with Council on 17 September 2025 report.
- Member task and finish group has been established, with powers to make recommendations to the Council's Corporate Policy Committee as required to deliver the change of governance.
- Dedicated resource in place to manage the delivery of the governance changes. This includes sufficient expertise and resource capacity to deliver the required changes to the Council's governance arrangements within the timescales set out in the Council report 17 September 2025.

Actions (Monitoring):	Target Date for Completion:
Robust member and officer training and development programme and awareness sessions	Ongoing through to May 2026
Option and budget available for external legal or other advice/intervention	Ongoing through to May 2026

Dedicated legal resource from Head of Legal Service

April 2026

Comments this quarter: Following Council's approval to move to the Leader and Cabinet model of governance on 17 September 2025, the Member Task and Finish group has been established and met. A report on the recommendations of the task and finish group will be made to the Corporate Policy Committee on 27 November 2025

Timescale for managing risk to an acceptable level: May 2026