

Council

Date of Meeting:	18 May 2022
Report Title:	Political Representation on the Council's Committees
Report of:	Jane Burns, Executive Director Corporate Services
Ward(s) Affected:	All

1. Purpose of Report

- 1.1 To secure a resolution of Council to appoint the Council's committees and agree the political balance for those committees for the municipal year 2022/23.

2. Executive Summary

- 2.1 The law requires that each relevant Council decision making body must be politically balanced, as far as is reasonably practicable, and that there is an appropriate total balance of Committee seats across the political structure of the Council as a whole.
- 2.2 Appendix A to the report sets out the Council's Committees, which are to be appointed, and the political balance of those committees.

3. Recommendations

- 3.1 That the committees set out in Appendix A to the report be appointed, with the same functions, roles and responsibilities as are currently set out in the Constitution; and that the political group and other representation, as set out in Appendix A and the methods, calculations and conventions used in determining this, as outlined in the report be adopted, and the allocation of places to Committees be approved.

4. Reason for Recommendation

- 4.1 To ensure compliance with the provisions of the Local Government (Committees and Political Groups) Regulations 1990, made pursuant to the

Local Government and Housing Act 1989, in respect of the political group representation on a local authority's committees in relation to the overall political composition of the Council

5. Other options considered

5.1 No other options were considered.

6. Background

6.1 Appendix A sets out the Council's committees, and the political representation on committees, this being based on the political structure of the Council as a whole.

6.2 The proportionalities in the Appendix have been arrived at by the following methods and conventions:

- applying the relevant percentage to each body
- rounding up from 0.5 and above, and rounding down below 0.5
- where rounding up would result in more than one political Group receiving an additional seat, and the total allocation of seats exceeding what is required, the Group having the lowest residual entitlement will not receive an additional seat
- where the required number of members for a decision making body cannot be achieved using the above methods and calculations, the political group having the largest residual entitlement for that body will be entitled to be awarded the additional place (e.g. if one group is entitled to 4.25 places, and another group is entitled to 1.48 places, the first group will be awarded 4 places on the body in question, and the second group will be awarded 2 places)
- where two or more political Groups have an identical residual percentage, the agreement of one Group to sacrifice a seat will be observed. Alternatively, the matter will be resolved by the toss of a coin.

7. Implications of the Recommendations

7.1 Legal Implications

7.1.1 The Local Government (Committees and Political Groups) Regulations 1990, made pursuant to the Local Government and Housing Act 1989, make provisions in respect of the political group representation on a local authority's committees in relation to the overall political composition of the Council. The legislation applies to overview and scrutiny committees and the decision-making committees and sub committees of the Council.

- 7.1.2 The legislation requires that, where proportionality applies, and seats are allocated to different political groups, the authority must abide by the following principles, so far as is reasonably practicable:
- 7.1.3 Not all of the seats can be allocated to the same political Group (i.e. there are no single group committees).
- 7.1.4 The majority of the seats on the body are to be allocated to a political Group with a majority membership of the authority.
- 7.1.5 The total number of seats on all ordinary committees and sub committees allocated to each Political Group bears the same proportion to the proportion on the full Council.
- 7.1.6 The number of seats on each ordinary committee allocated to each Political Group bears the same proportion to the proportion on full Council.
- 7.1.7 The proposals contained in this report meet the requirements of the legislation.
- 7.1.8 The 1990 Regulations require Political Group Leaders to notify the Proper Officer of the Groups' nominations to the bodies in question.

7.2 Finance Implications

- 7.2.1 There are no direct finance implications.

7.3 Policy Implications

- 7.3.1 There are no direct implications for policy.

7.4 Equality Implications

- 7.4.1 There are no direct implications for equality.

7.5 Human Resources Implications

- 7.5.1 There are no direct human resource implications.

7.6 Risk Management Implications

- 7.6.1 Failure to comply with the Act and Regulations when appointing its committee memberships would leave the Council open to legal challenge.

7.7 Rural Communities Implications

- 7.7.1 There are no direct implications for rural communities.

7.8 Implications for Children & Young People/Cared for Children

7.8.1 There are no direct implications for children and young people/Cared for Children.

7.9 Public Health Implications

7.9.1 There are no direct implications for public health.

7.10 Climate Change Implications

7.10.1 There are no direct climate change implications.

Access to Information	
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Appendices:	Appendix A – Political Proportionalities
Background Papers:	None